



Lower Secondary Plus 4 Year 1 & 2

| Module | Learning aims | Language focus |
|----------------------------|---|---|
| lt's a small world | Find out and talk about some amazing coincidences and connections Learn and practise language to talk about probability and chance Discuss the consequences of living in a connected world Discover surprising connections between familiar things | Vocabulary Probability and chance Nouns: destiny, distraction, likelihood, coincidence Verbs: demolish, involve, suffer Adjectives: fatal, real-life, tragic, unimaginable Grammar / Discourse Expressions for reporting facts and opinions cautiously, to show disbelief in the truth of the statement or idea |
| Once upon a time | Find out about the history of storytelling Talk about what makes a good story Analyse and practise using different tenses to summarise stories Listen to and evaluate a short story | Vocabulary Language related to storytelling Nouns/noun expressions: anthology, customs, novel, shadow puppet, theatre Nouns (literature): bestseller, instalment, plot, publication Verbs/verb phrases: consume, entertain, flourish, perform Adjectives: ancient, contemporary, myriad, numerous, live |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Past and present narrative tenses Using appropriate tenses to create a good story |
| Do you speak the lingo? | Learn about linguistic diversity and the reasons behind it Debate the arguments for and against saving endangered languages Practise language to describe change and trends Find out about minority languages in the British Isles | Vocabulary Languages diversity and minority languages Nouns/noun expressions: Anglo-Saxon, dialect, isolation, pidgin (language), slang Verbs/verb phrases: contribute to, evolve from (sthg), highlight, thrive Adjectives: diverse, homogenous, indigenous, multi-lingual, subtle |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Continuous verb forms to talk about trends and temporary situations |



Scope and Sequence

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|--------------------------------|--|---|
| Jump for joy | Share your views about happiness and learn about ways to become happier Review, learn, and use language for making comparisons Find out about and share views on happiness in different countries Learn and practise idioms related to happiness, sadness and anger | Vocabulary Vocabulary/Idioms for emotions: anger, happiness, sadness Nouns/noun expressions: endorphins, gratitude, regret, triumph Verbs/verb phrases: adopt, keep fit, set goals, trust, unwind Idiomatic phrases: feel down in the dumps, find your flow, sweat the small stuff Adjectives: beneficial, fuming mad, intrinsic, strict Adverbs: actively, calmly, openly |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Advanced comparative expressions: <i>quite a bit,</i> <i>significantly, slightly, a bit, a little more, not</i> <i>nearly as much</i> |
| Better cities, better lives | Find out about how cities are changing around the world Consider and discuss problems caused by urbanisation, and possible solutions Listen to a community planning meeting Practise using language to talk about causes of and solutions to problems | Vocabulary Noun phrases related to urban development: <i>city dweller, facilities, green belt, housing</i> <i>shortage, low density, resources, sanitation</i> |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Language to talk about present problems and solutions |
| Paradise lost | Discuss the impact of tourism on the environment Learn and use language for describing environmental problems and their solutions Talk about how visitors can give back to local communities Practise using negative adverbials to add emphasis | Vocabulary Language related to environmental damage and tourism Nouns/collocations: beauty spot, coral reef, damage, mass tourism, overcrowding, paradise Tourist activities: diving, snorkelling Verbs/verb phrases: count on, discourage, endanger, poison Adjectives: crystal clear, devastating, fragile, marine |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Inversion for emphasis after adverbials: <i>little do</i> <i>they realise that</i> |



Scope and Sequence

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| Crime and punishment | Discuss creative sentences for minor offences Explore language for talking about crime and punishment Talk about crime stories from the point of view of the victim Practise using modal verbs to make deductions | Vocabulary Language related to the criminal justice system Nouns/noun expressions: assault, community service, fraud, offence, perpetrator, robbery, thief, victim Verbs/verb phrases: confront, empathise with, plead guilty/innocent, punish, relent Adjectives/adj phrases: alternative, creative, cruel, harmless, innocent |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Past deductions using modal verbs |
| An intelligent future | Find out about new Al technologies being used in everyday life Listen to a radio debate about the benefits and problems of Al Identify and use language for talking about hypothetical situations Write a letter to a newspaper editor on the pros and cons of an Al innovation | Vocabulary Language related to Artificial Intelligence (AI) Nouns/noun expressions: android, interaction, machine learning, voiceprint Verbs/verb phrases: access, detect, dominate, threaten, transform Adjectives/adj phrases: artificial, automated, dystopian, futuristic |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Expressions for discussing hypotheses about future scenarios |
| Stand up for your rights | Find out about the work of various teenage activists Discuss different ways of getting involved in activism Practise language for talking about ongoing actions and future goals Share ideas to find a cause that you're concerned about | Vocabulary Language related to activism Nouns/noun expressions: activist, cause, demonstration, front line, passion, protest, rights, youth movement Verbs/verb phrases: address, levy, march, speak out, violate Adjectives/adj phrases: anonymous, fatal, fearless, strict, tough |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Present perfect continuous, future continuous and future perfect for ongoing and completed future actions |



Scope and Sequence

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|---------------------------|------------------------|---|
| A change is gonna come | to a the effective end | Vocabulary Synonyms to describe change, the future and consequences: <i>affect/influence, predict/foresee,</i> <i>consequence/outcome/repercussion</i> |
| | | Grammar / Discourse Speculating about the future: future continuous with <i>might/may</i> future perfect with <i>might/may, may (very well)</i> should for expected results to be (most) likely/unlikely, be bound to Discourse markers: well, anyway, I mean, you know |